Dementia and Long-run Trajectories in Household Finances

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Abstract

We use two decades of the U.S. Health and Retirement Study data to compare long-run trajectories in household finances between individuals who eventually developed dementia and those who did not. Using inverse probability weighting and an event study framework, we find large and steady divergence in household wealth that starts 6-8 years prior to dementia onset, with a relative decline in net worth of about 40% and financial wealth of about 30% by the time of dementia onset, which results in much lower wealth (a difference of about \$100,000 in net worth) among the dementia cohort at and after the onset of the condition. These patterns are not explained by higher out-of-pocket healthcare expenses or intentional "spend-down" to qualify for Medicare coverage of nursing home residence. Rather, our findings suggest that they are driven by earlier exit from the labor force and potentially suboptimal investment decisions, which negatively affect long-term income in multiple areas among the dementia cohort relative to their counterparts. We also find that these patterns are more prominent among individuals with higher socioeconomic status.

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