

Work, Health, and Mortality: The Case of WLEMMA during the Shale Boom and Bust

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Work in Progress - please do not cite
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WLEMMA's and economic forces

White, lower-educated males of middle age (WLEMMA)

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- Mortality; deaths of despair (Case and Deaton 2015,2017; Milligan and Schirle 2020)
- SSDI caseload (Autor and Duggan 2006; Milligan and Schirle 2019)
- Employment and labor market (Autor Dorn Hansen 2013,2016; Binder and Bound 2019)
- Health, incarceration, education (Coile and Duggan 2019)
- Marriage, family, religion, and more (Autor Dorn Hansen 2019); Kearney and Wilson 2017; Edin et al. 2019)

Question, approach, and contribution

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 - Study impact on labor market, health, and mortality.
- Contribution: Evidence can reinforce findings from 'decline' literature.
 - If booms relieve pressures on WLEMMAAs, this bolsters the case for economic drivers.

Three Major Findings in brief

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Data sources

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- Energy Information Administration.
 - Play geology: Thickness, depth.
 - Prices: oil; gas.
- American Community Survey, 2005-2018.
 - Labor, income, and disability outcomes.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Mortality data
 - National Center for Health Statistics
 - WONDER database.

Bartik

A Bartik-like instrumental variables strategy:

Bartik

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- A measure of local labor market demand
- A fixed, regionally-varying element
- A time series element

Bartik

Local labor market demand:

Bartik

Local labor market demand:

- Average male earnings, among those working.
- Do separately by CPUMA/county.

Bartik

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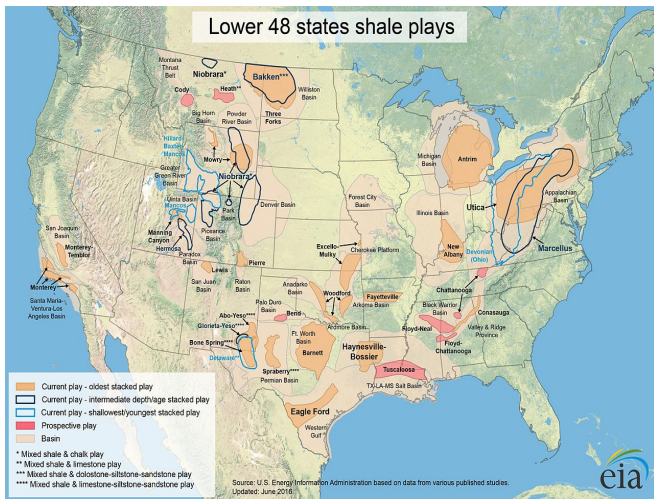
- Avg. Depth of the play
- Initial share of employment in oil-gas extraction.

Bartik

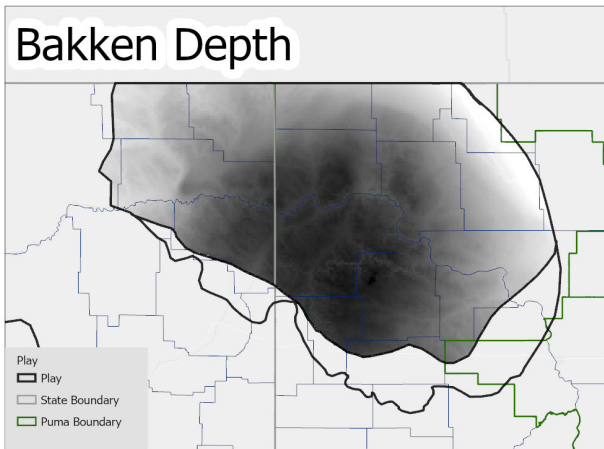
For fixed element we use:

- Avg. Depth of the play
- Initial share of employment in oil-gas extraction.
- Can also use:
 - Surface area coverage
 - Thickness of play
 - Prospectivity index

North American Shale Plays



Depth: Bakken, ND/MT



Bartik

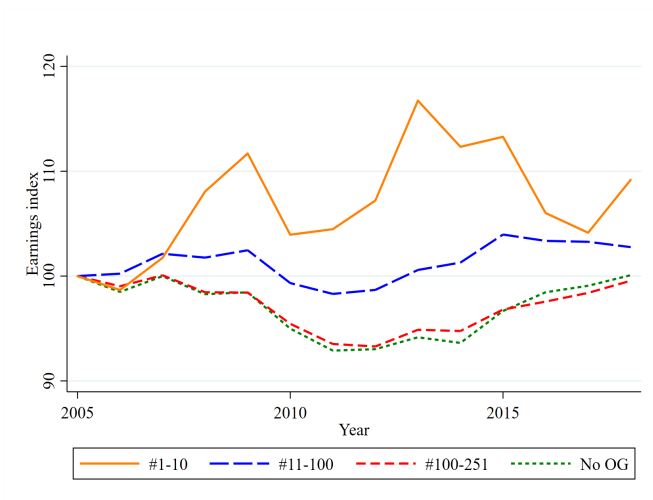
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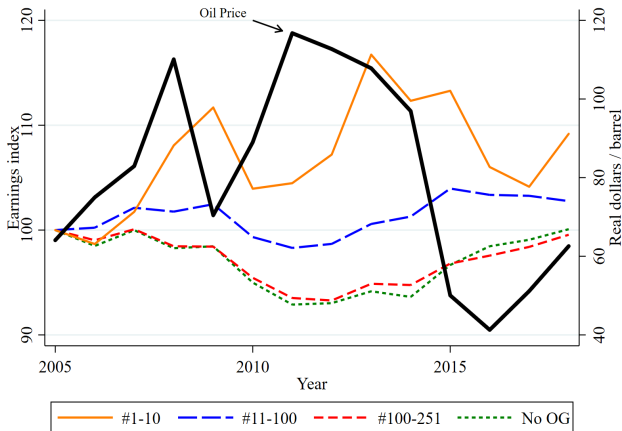
For time series element we use:

- Energy prices: WTI oil price.

Top Energy CPUMAs



Top Energy CPUMAs



Bartik

Putting it all together:

$$\ln(Earnings)_{ct} = \beta_0 + \beta_k \cdot Resource_c \times Timing_t + \beta_2 \cdot X_{ct} + \alpha_c + \gamma_t + e_{ct}.$$

First stage

Table 3: First Stage

Dependent variable: log local earnings						
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
OilGasShare X lag oil price	1.286*** [0.114]	1.260*** [0.122]	1.065*** [0.156]	1.079*** [0.155]		1.009*** [0.177]
Thickness X lag oil price		0.492 [0.688]		-0.558 [0.631]		
Depth X lag oil price			-0.367*** [0.114]	-0.394*** [0.125]		-0.297** [0.126]
OilGasShare X OilGasEarnings					0.022** [0.010]	0.016** [0.007]
Depth X OilGasEarnings					-0.273*** [0.064]	-0.236*** [0.063]
R-squared	0.9532	0.9532	0.9532	0.9532	0.9530	0.9534
F-test	127.0	60.5	46.3	32.2	22.9	41.0

Note: First stage regressions on individual data (2,820,954 observations) from the ACS, 2006-2018. Regressions include controls for race, Hispanic status, education, fixed effects for year, age, and CPUMA. Instruments organized at the CPUMA level. Reported coefficients are scaled; standard errors are clustered at the CPUMA level.

Labor market outcomes

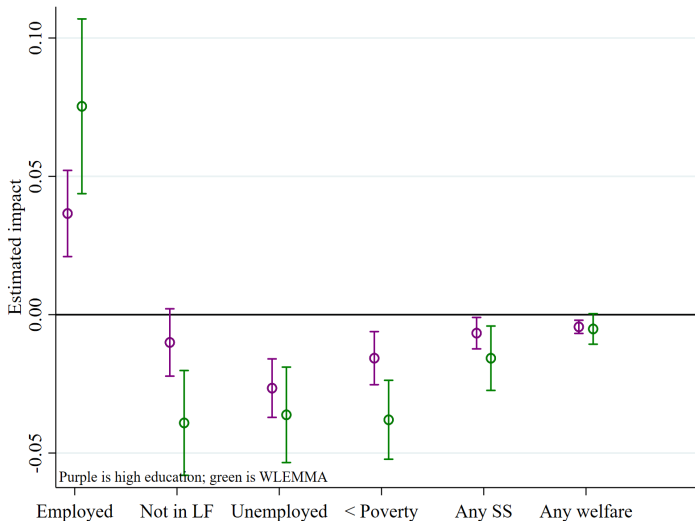
$$Outcome_{cti} = \theta_0 + \theta_1 \cdot \ln(Earnings)_{ct} + \theta_2 \cdot X_{cti} + \pi_c + \delta_t + \mu_{cti}$$

Labor market outcomes

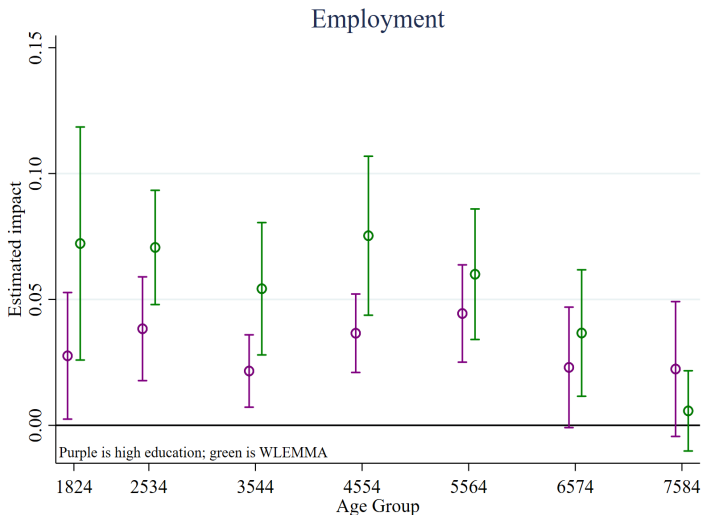
$$Outcome_{cti} = \theta_0 + \theta_1 \cdot \ln(Earnings)_{ct} + \theta_2 \cdot X_{cti} + \pi_c + \delta_t + \mu_{cti}$$

- Key coefficient is θ_1 on log of local earnings.
- To present results, we show impact of a 10% change in local earnings.
- Regressions use individual-level data.

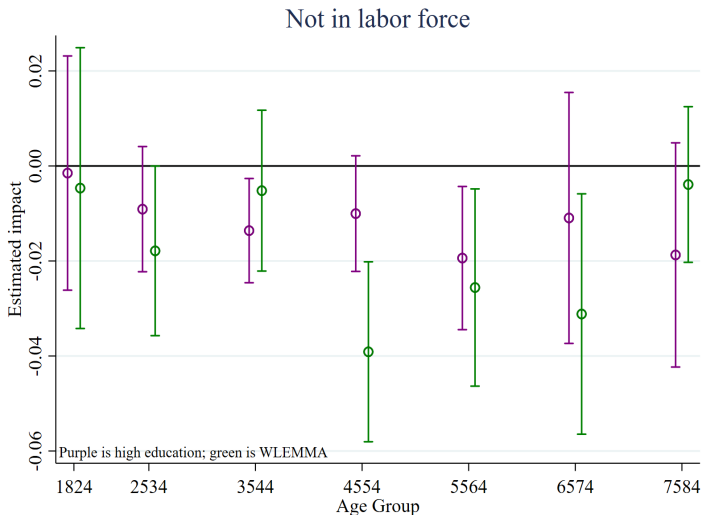
Labor market outcomes



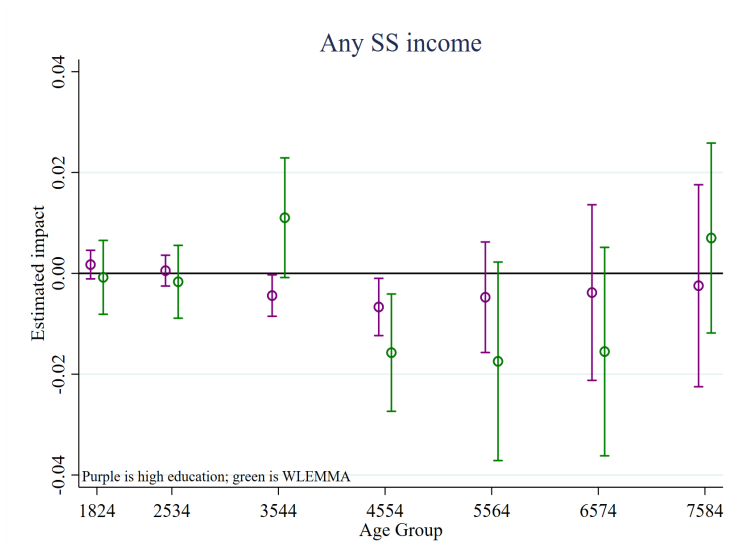
Labor market outcomes



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Labor market outcomes



Health difficulties

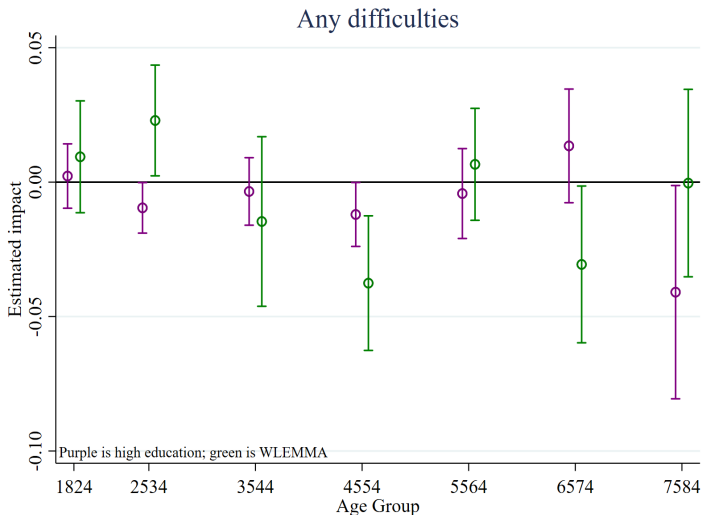
ACS reports whether respondent had “difficulties” with various aspects of life:

Health difficulties

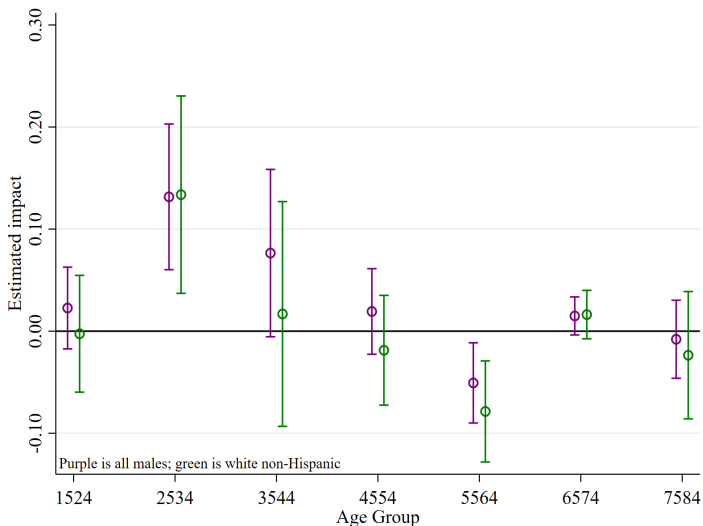
ACS reports whether respondent had “difficulties” with various aspects of life:

- Cognitive
- Ambulatory
- Independent living
- Self care
- Hearing or vision

Health difficulties



Mortality



Deaths of Despair and Accidents

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Deaths of Despair:

- Poisoning: accidental and intent undetermined drug overdose and alcohol poisoning.
- Suicide
- Alcoholic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis

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Deaths of Despair:

- Poisoning: accidental and intent undetermined drug overdose and alcohol poisoning.
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Accidents:

- All accidents.
- less the 'accidental' alcohol and drugs included as 'despair'

Mortality

Table 8: Impact on mortality

Dependent variable: log mortality							
Age groups	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84
<i>3yr groups: White Non-Hispanic</i>							
Observations	3,822	5,006	6,559	9,636	11,148	11,667	10,661
Pop coverage	86.4%	91.7%	94.5%	98.5%	99.5%	99.7%	99.8%
10% local earnings change	0.030 [0.030]	0.137*** [0.049]	0.082 [0.063]	-0.005 [0.023]	-0.064*** [0.022]	0.016 [0.022]	-0.019 [0.019]
<i>3yr groups: White Non-Hispanic despair deaths</i>							
Observations	1,614	2,669	3,055	4,291	4,177	2,636	1,513
Pop coverage	69.7%	82.1%	83.2%	87.9%	86.0%	77.1%	65.6%
10% local earnings change	0.089 [0.074]	0.189* [0.099]	-0.018 [0.114]	0.013 [0.051]	-0.121*** [0.046]	0.015 [0.034]	-0.208 [0.372]
<i>3yr groups: White Non-Hispanic accident deaths</i>							
Observations	1,324	1,246	1,209	2,011	2,224	2,299	3,198
Pop coverage	64.1%	65.7%	64.2%	73.6%	74.7%	73.4%	80.3%
10% local earnings change	0.010 [0.073]	-0.087 [0.076]	-0.102 [0.174]	-0.111 [0.130]	-0.031 [0.045]	-0.001 [0.053]	0.069 [0.066]

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